Archaeologist or Palaeontologist? Instructions for Teachers

Activity Overview

This game gets children thinking about chronology (the sequence of things happening in time). All the cards have objects and labels you can remove. The group have to decide whether the age of the item is higher (older) or lower (younger) than the one shown before, and construct a timeline. You could do this in small groups, or all together.

You can also use the cards to learn about the work of archaeologists and palaeontologists. Archaeologists study humans and their ancestors, using evidence like human bones or artefacts (objects made or changed by people). Palaeontologists study the history of past life on Earth, which can include things much older than humans, like dinosaurs. At some times there is an overlap, like during the Ice Age when some extinct species were around at the same time as people.

Resources Required

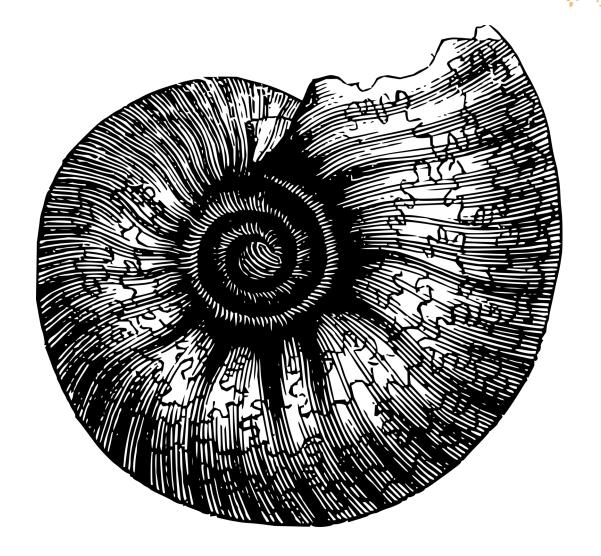
A4 Paper

Printer

Learning Objectives: Foundation Subjects

History (Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age)



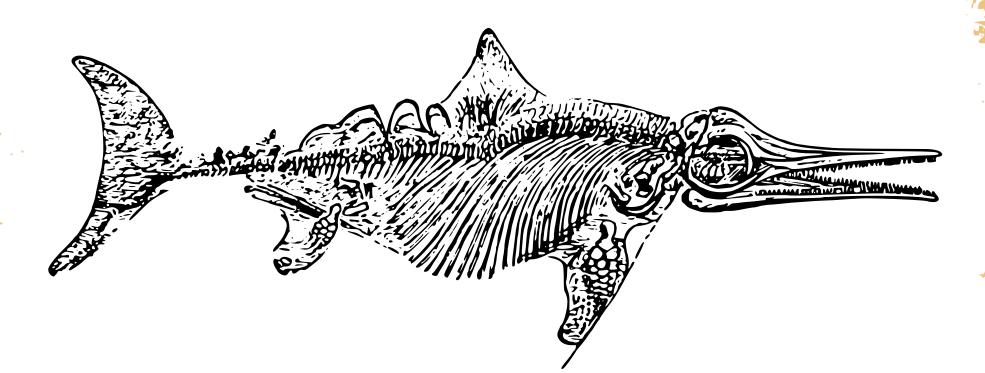


Ammonite fossil

Palaeontologist

Triassic Period (251 to



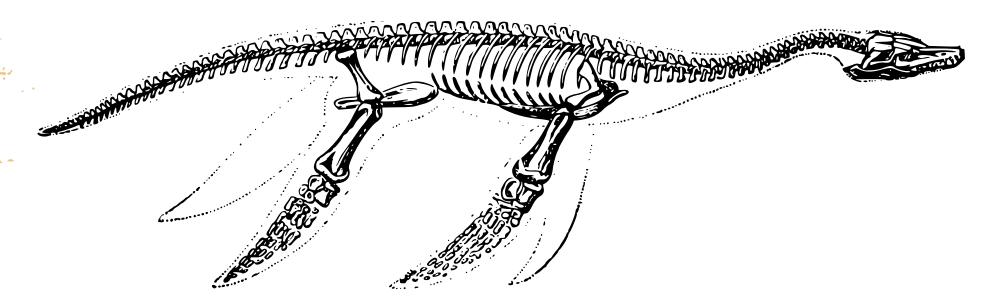


Ichthyosaurus fossil

Palaeontologist

Triassic Period (251 to



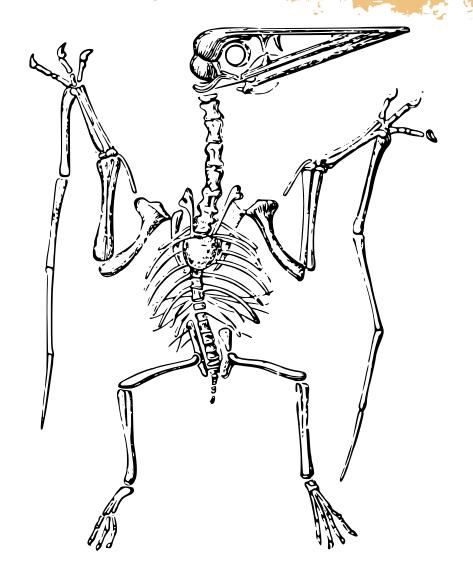


Plesiosaur fossil

Palaeontologist

Jurassic Period (200 to



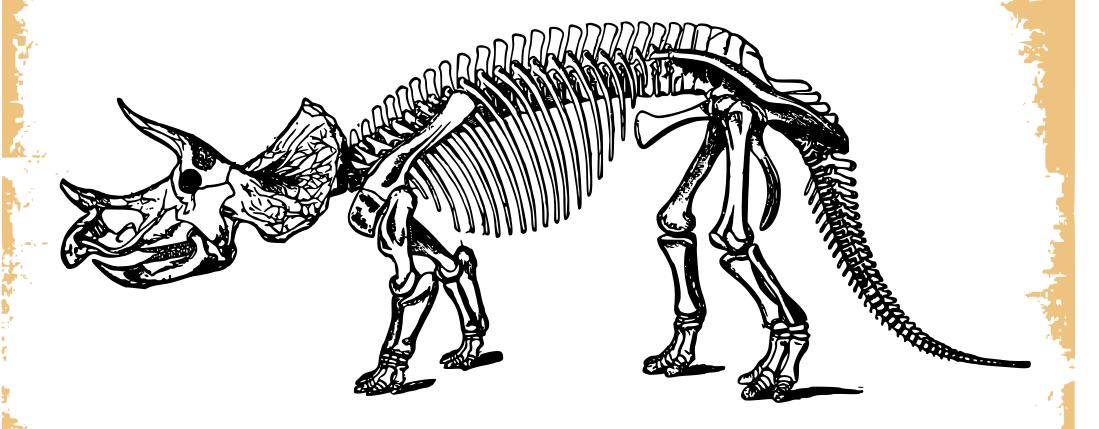


Pterodactyl fossil

Palaeontologist

Jurassic Period (200 to



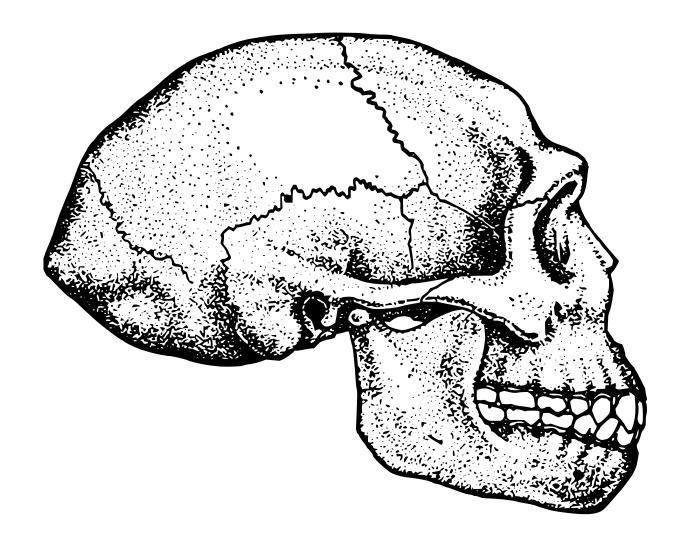


Triceratops fossil

Palaeontologist

Cretaceous Period (145 to 66





Homo erectus fossil

Both

Lower Palaeolithic (3.3 mil

lion to 300 thousand years ago)







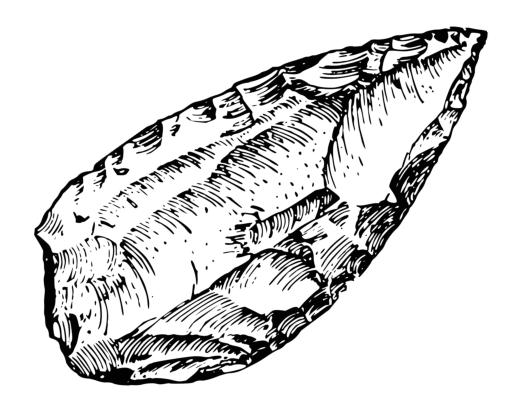
Neanderthal (Homo neanderthalensis) Skull

Both

Middle Palaeolithic (300

to 45 thousand years ago)





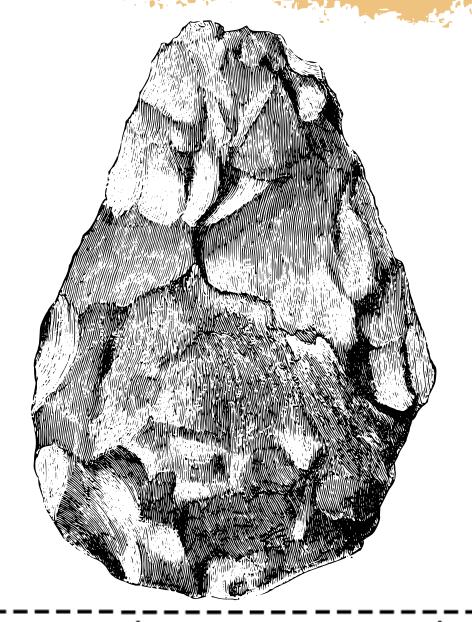
Neanderthal spear point

 ${\bf A} rchaeologist$

Middle Palaeolithic (300

to 45 thousand years ago)





Neanderthal hand axe

 ${\bf A} {\bf r} {\bf c} {\bf h} {\bf a} {\bf e} {\bf o} {\bf l} {\bf o} {\bf g} {\bf i} {\bf s} {\bf t}$

Middle Palaeolithic (300

to 45 thousand years ago)





Cro Magnon (Homo sapiens) skull

 ${\bf A} rchaeologist$

Upper Palaeolithic (40 to





Carving of deer and salmon

Archaeologist

Upper Palaeolithic (40 to



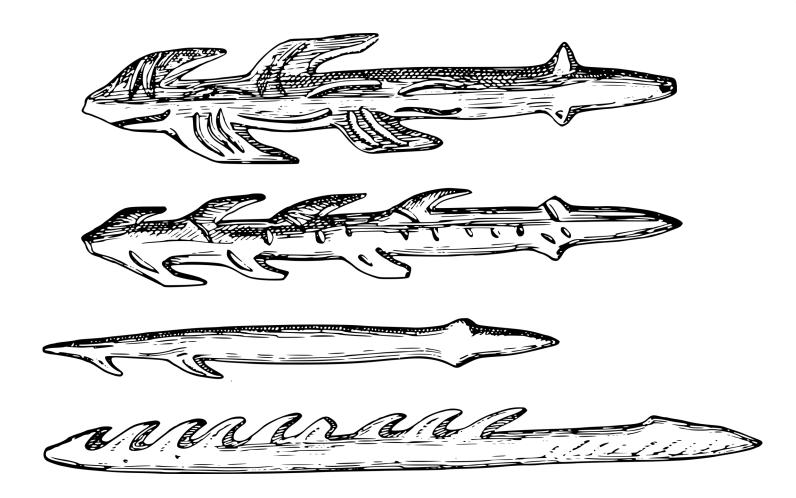


Necklace of shells

Archaeologist

Upper Palaeolithic (40 to



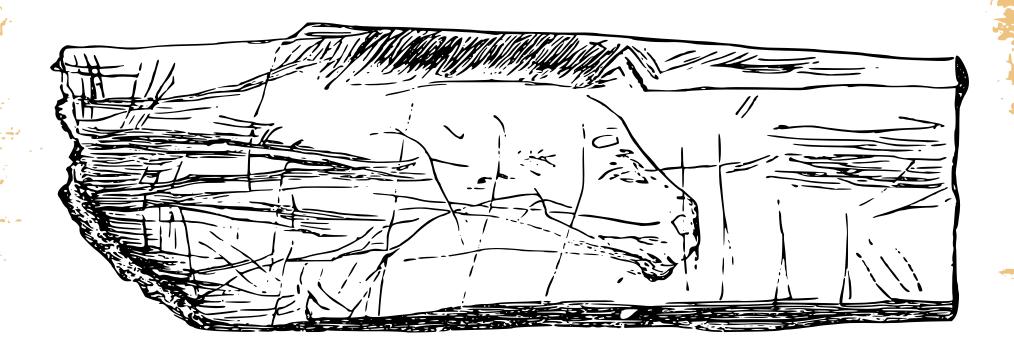


Antler harpoons

Archaeologist

Upper Palaeolithic (40 to





Carved horse head

Archaeologist

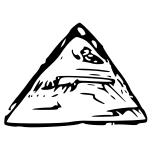
Upper Palaeolithic (40 to















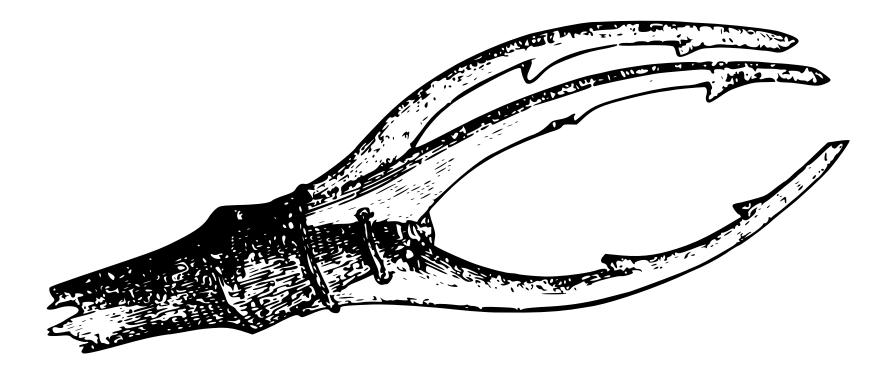


Microliths (small flints)

Archaeologist

Mesolithic (10 to 6 thousand)



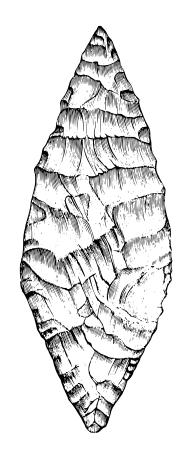


Carved antler fish catcher

Archaeologist

Mesolithic (10 to 6 thousand



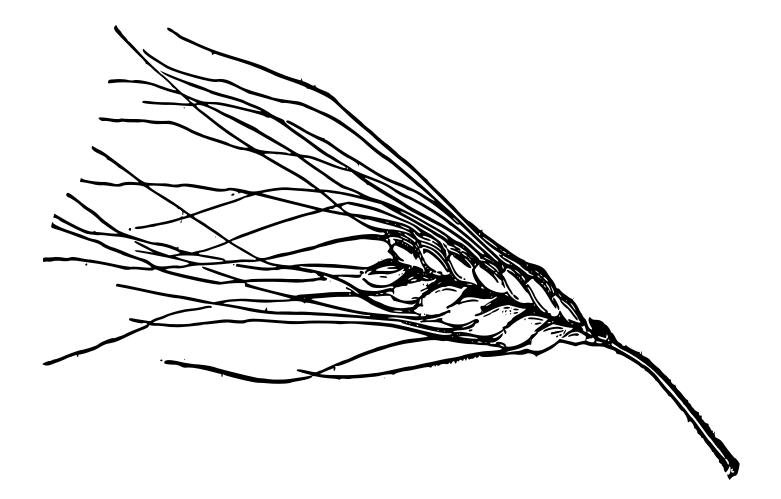


Leaf shaped arrowhead

Archaeologist

Neolithic (6 to 4.5 thousand



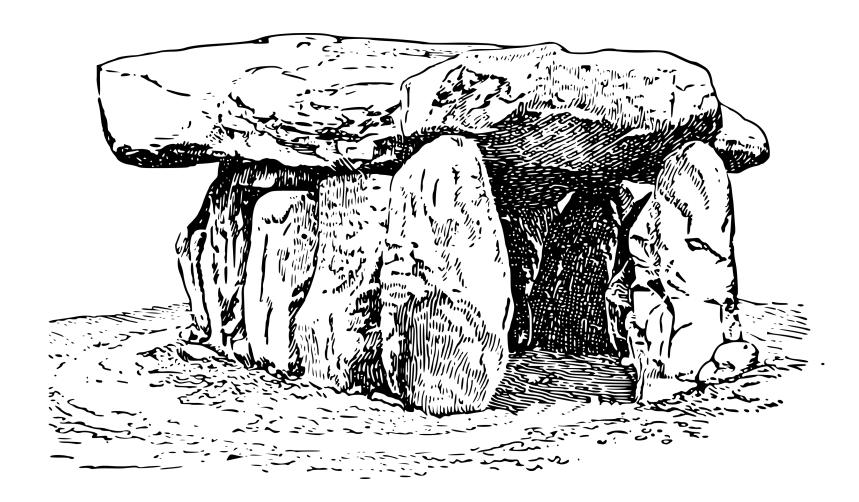


Preserved wheat grains

Archaeologist

Neolithic (6 to 4.5 thousand





Dolmen

 ${\bf A} {\bf r} {\bf c} {\bf h} {\bf a} {\bf e} {\bf o} {\bf l} {\bf o} {\bf g} {\bf i} {\bf s} {\bf t}$

Neolithic (6 to 4.5 thousand



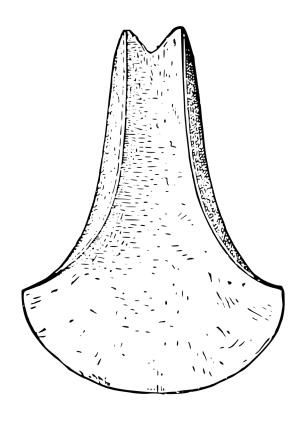


Carved stone ball

Archaeologist

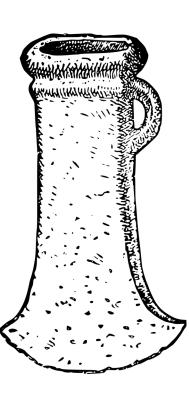
Neolithic (6 to 4.5 thousand









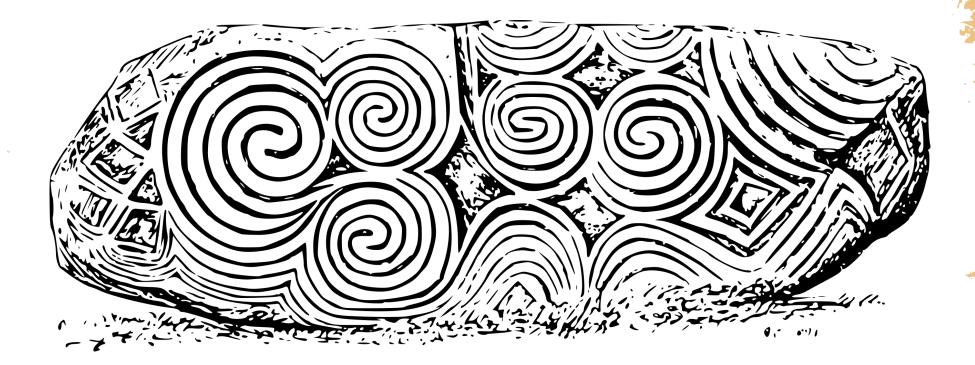


Bronze axe heads

Archaeologist

Bronze Age (4.5 to 1.8





Spiral stone carving

 ${\bf A} rchaeologist$

Bronze Age (4.5 to 1.8



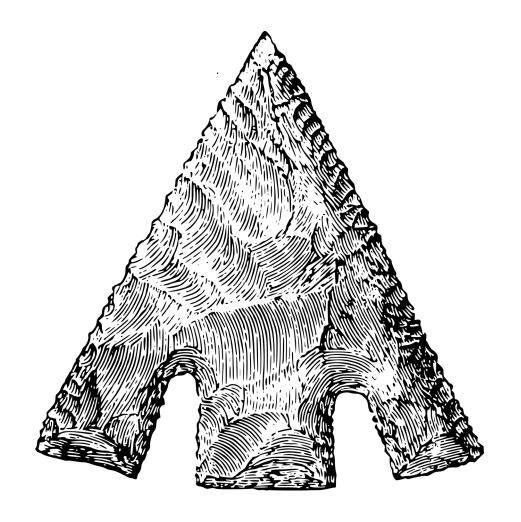


Decorative pottery urn

 ${\bf A} rchaeologist$

Bronze Age (4.5 to 1.8

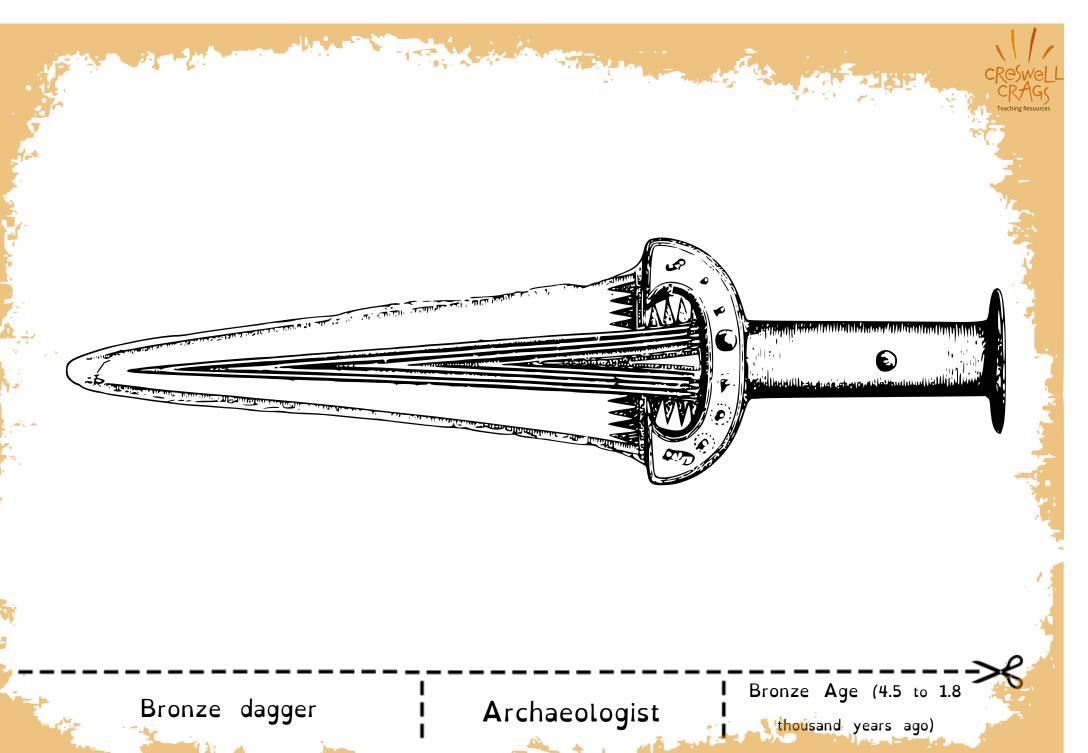




Barbed and Tanged arrowhead

 ${\bf A} rchaeologist$

Bronze Age (4.5 to 1.8



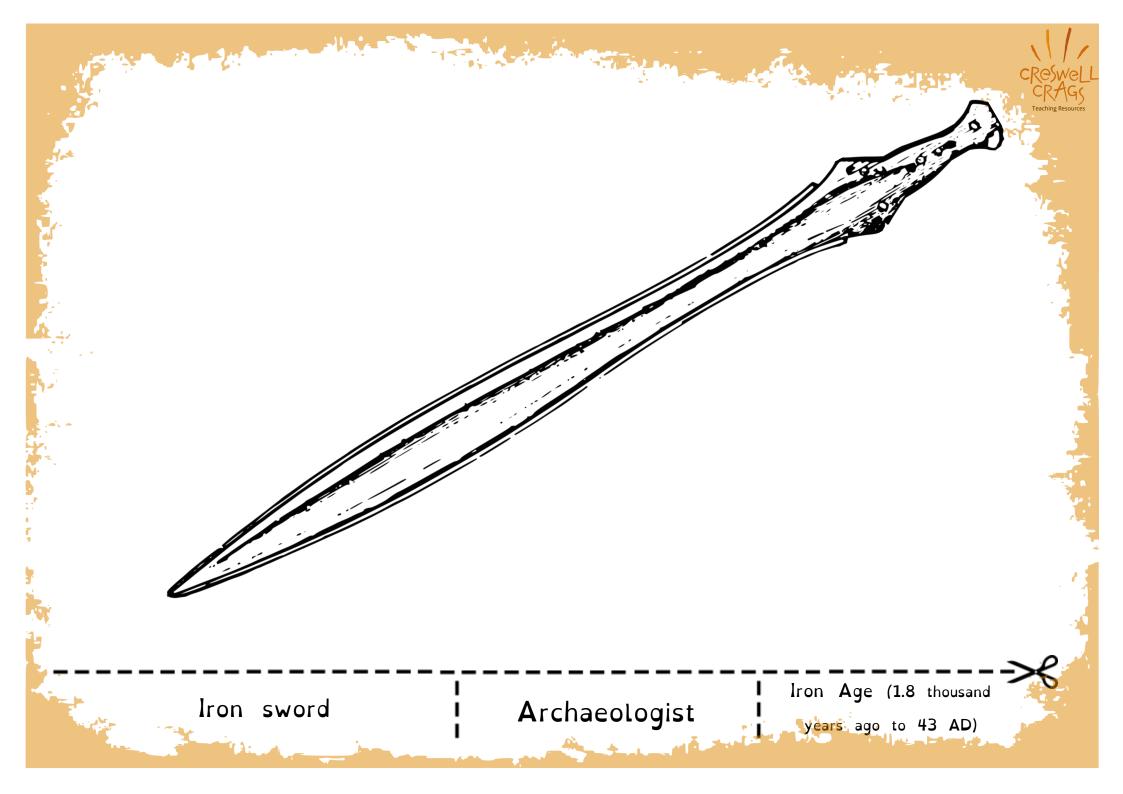


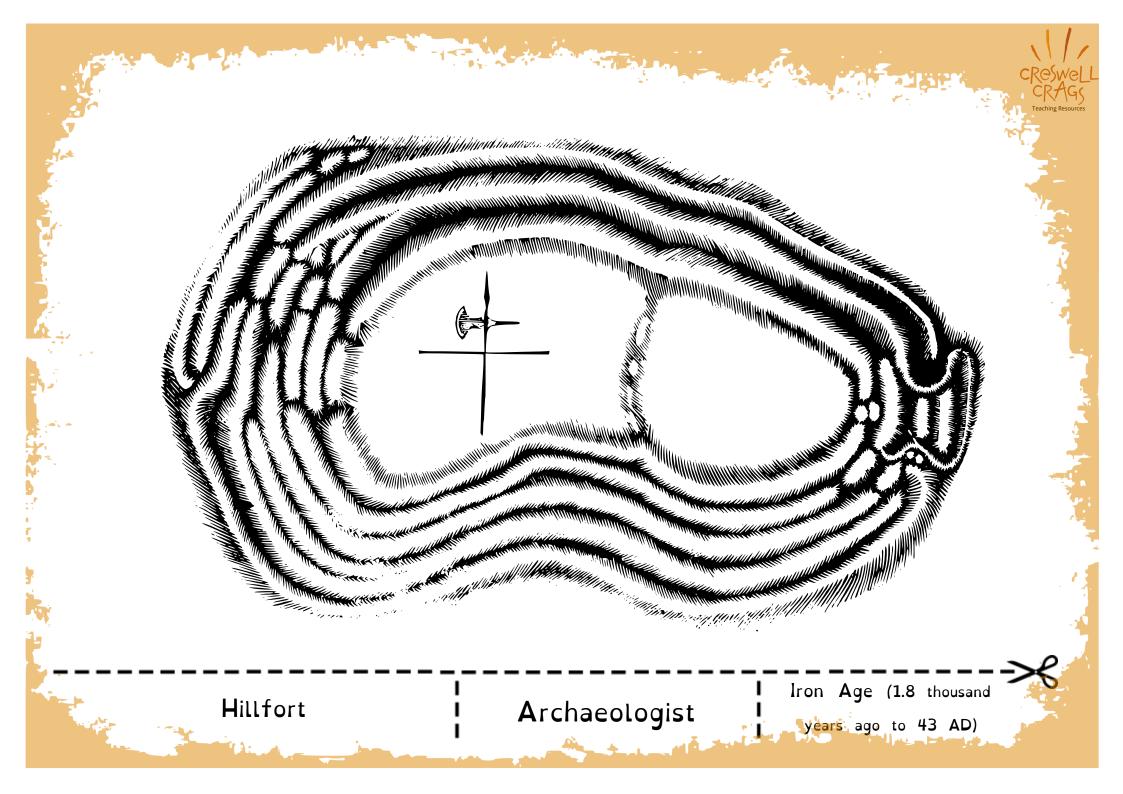


Gold bracelet

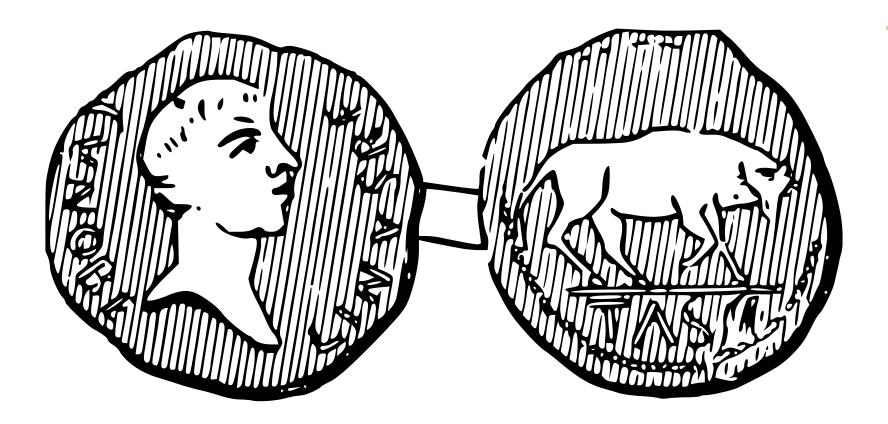
Archaeologist

Bronze Age (4.5 to 1.8









Coin of Chief Cunobelin

 ${\bf A} {\bf r} {\bf c} {\bf h} {\bf a} {\bf e} {\bf o} {\bf l} {\bf o} {\bf g} {\bf i} {\bf s} {\bf t}$

Iron Age (1.8 thousand

years ago to 43 AD)

